Lesson 4 GET Part 1

動詞(call, make など)+A+Bの形を理解し,使おう。



		Words	CDを聞いて	に英語を書き	取ろう。()には右から	意味を選んで	記号を書こう。
33	(1) (3)		() (2)		()	A 建物 C 爆弾	
	A	基本文の確	館認					
		CD &	聞いて英語を書	き取ろう。()	には英文の意	味を書こう。	→ 教科書 p	.46 文法のまとめ
34		① We		the dog		•	1	THE A
		② The b	ook	me		•)	
	(1) (2)	We (call	/ talk / say	から適する語句を y)the cat Make I / make	omo.	(1)		(2)
	2 1	絵を見て,「私	たちは…を~と	こ呼びます。/…を	を~にします。.]という英文を	完成しよう。	,
	(1)	she / Saki-c	(2) 5	he / Ken	(3) (3) (8) (8) (8) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9	sad	(4)	happy
	(1)	We		her Saki-cho	ın.			
	(2)	We				·		
	(3)(4)	The news	S	us		•		
		日本語に合う	英文になるよう	に, ()の語句	を並べかえよ	 う。		
	(1)							
		The letter						
	(2)	ブラウン先	生は私をトム	と呼びます。	Ms Brown	(Tom / c	alls / me	
		Ms Brown	n				•	
42	9	意味が言えるかな	neard	□ laugh □ all d	over the world	☐ be differe	ent from \sim	☐ My pleasure.

					THU 7	
	教科書の聞き取り	CDを聞いて英語を書き	取ろう。()に	は英文の	意味を書こう。	
(1) 35	We		the Atomic I	3omb I	Dome.	
33	()		
2	This		_	•		
	()		
3	We		the		of peace.	
	()		
В	基本文の練習					
1	次の英文の意味を完成し	よう。				
(1)	We call the bird I	Kyu-chan. 私たちは	さその鳥を() 0
(2)	Watching movies	s makes Raj happy	'.			
	映画を見ることはラ	ージを()。		
(3)	My father called	me Toshi when I w	vas a child.			
	私が子どものとき,	() 0	
2	日本語に合う英文になる。		をべかえよう。			
(1)	私をエマと呼んでく	ださい。(Emma/	call / please	/ me)	•	
(2)	その話は私たちを驚	かせました。(surp i	rised / us / th	ne stor	y / made).	•
(3)	この建物を何と呼び	ますか。(do / who	at / call / you	/ this	building)?	~
(4)	何がエマを取り乱さ	せますか。(upset /	/ makes / wh	at / Er	nma)?	· ?
abo	表現しよう					
		の立場で①②の問いに答え ode.egll.vou2		010		
	•	nds call you? — Th	•		agnov	
1	What do your frie	nappy? — Reading ands call you?	J DOOKS ITIUKE	55 III U I	ιαρρу.	
	Tillar do your me	mas san you.				
2	What makes you	happy?				

Lesson 4 GET Part 2

It \sim (for A) to ... の形を理解し,使お う。



 \square embarrassed

		Words CDを聞い	いて__に英語を書き	取ろう。()	こは右から意	味を選んで	ご記号を書こう。
36	(1)(3)) (2)	(可能な 外国の	·
	A	基本文の確認					
		CDを聞いて英語	を書き取ろう。()には英文の意味	を書こう。	教科書	p.46 文法のまとめ
37		is impo	rtant	me	read k	oooks (every day.
	(1) (2)	右の絵に合うように, (It is interesting (It is difficult for r 絵を見て, 「〜が…するこ	to / for / of) m me (getting / to	e to use a co get) up at	six.	(1)	
	(1)	fun / sing	difficult / write	(3) importar	t / think	(4)	ng / study math
	(1)	It's fun	Paul		sing a s	ong.	
	(2)	It's		Emma to	o write a	letter in	Chinese.
	(3)(4)	It's	_	us	th	ink abo	ut the earth.
	3	日本語に合う英文になる。 私が早く起きること It is easy (get u	は簡単です。		ò		
		It is easy					early.
	(2)	私が本を読むことは					
		It is necessary (read / for / to /	me) books	•		
		It is necessary					books.

					学習日	月				
	教科書の聞き取り	CDを聞いて英語で	を書き取ろう。()には英文の意	意味を書こう	0				
(1)	But it's important			see	the realit	y of v	var.			
38	()			
2	It			again	•					
	()						
3	So we must think	about peace, r	now and							
	()			
В	基本文の練習									
1	ほぼ同じ内容を表す英文に	こなるように, に	適する語句を書	こう。						
(1)	To think about o	ur dreams is in	nportant to ι	JS.						
	It's important	us		think abou	t our dre	ams.				
(2)	Traveling around the world is interesting for me.									
	It's interesting	me	e	travel arc	ound the	world	1.			
2	日本語に合う英文になる。	ように, ()の語	句を並べかえよう	5.						
(1)	(1) 久美がベストを尽くすことは必要です。									
	(her best $/$ necessary $/$ to $/$ Kumi $/$ it's $/$ for $/$ do) .									
(2)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
	(fly / impossible / me / it's / for / to / in the sky).									
							•			
abo	表現しよう									
1	メモを見て、ラージにと [・]	って簡単なこと・難	しいことを説明す	る英文を2文ず [・]	つ書こう。					
	ラージについてのメモ	簡単なこと	It's easy t	for Raj to sw	im in the	sea.				
削	単なこと	·								
	海で泳ぐ、カレーを作る、 英語を話す	•								
糞	推しいこと	難しいこと	It's difficulation	ılt for Raj to	run fast.					
	速く走る、ケーキを作る、 漢字を書く	•								
		•								
2	1の例を参考に、あなた	にとって楽しいこと	(fun)を説明する	英文を書こう。						

Lesson 4 USE Read の復習

46 意味が言えるかな? □ early □ foreign □ felt

Words CDを聞 (1) 39 (3) (5) (7) (9)	いてに英語を書き取ろう。()には右から意味を選んで記号を書こう。) (2)() A 「成長する」の過去形) (4)() B 受け取る C 生き残る D 願い E 記念の F 風習) (8)() G 落とす H 選ぶ] (10) 「 文然 J 死			
The Story of Sadako Many buildings were suddenly destroyed. On Aug 1945, an atomic bomb was dropped over Hiroshim least 130,000 people died by the end of ① the year. Swas only two years old. She survived. When Sadako was an elementary school studer could run fast. In the sixth grade, she was selected member of the relay team for the school's sports day made her very happy. About a month later, Sadako suddenly became The doctors thought that she became sick because bomb. "I don't think she can live more than a year doctor said to her parents.				
① ② 2 次の問いに英語で答えよ (1) Why did Sadako				

 \square possible

 \square necessary

 $\hfill\square$ be in shock



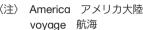
Reading Skills

時の流れをつかむ

次の英文は、探検家コロンブス(Columbus)の航海についての物語の一部です。時を表す語句と代名 詞などに注意しながら、年代の古い順に英文を並べかえよう。

- 1) He arrived in South America in 1498.
- 2 They started to live in South America before Columbus's voyages.
- 3 His first voyage was in 1492.
- 4 Columbus made four voyages to America.
- (5) At that time native people lived there.







In the hospital, Sadako was sad. Then she received some paper cranes. They made her hopeful. She thought, "If I make a thousand cranes, I can live, and I can get well." She started to fold the cranes. She made a wish on them for good health. She made a thousand, but she never left the hospital. She died when she was only twelve.

After Sadako died, her friends could not accept her death. They decided to build a statue of her. It now stands in Hiroshima Peace Memorial Park.

語句

hopeful 希望に満ちた

fold (紙などを)折る

[195 words]

3 禎子さんについての年表を完成しよう。

On	An atomic bomb was dropped.
When Sadako was in the sixth grade	She
About a month after	She became
When Sadako was twelve	She
After	A statue of Sadako was built.









1	(言語) 英語は日本語に,日本語は英語にしよう。	[問/6問]
(1)	felt (2) grew		
(3)	早い (4) 受け取る		
(5)	可能な (6) 外国の		
2	言語 日本語に合う英文になるように, に適する語句を書こう。]	問/5問]
(1)	私はショックを受けています。 I'm		
(2)	id子は成長しました。 Sadako		
(3)	禎子は折り鶴に願いごとをしました。		
	Sadako a on the paper cranes.		
(4)	禎子は病気がなおることを望んでいました。 		
	Sadako hoped to		
(5)	人々は世界中から折り鶴を送ります。		
	People send paper cranes from the		•
3	(言語) 日本語に合う英文になるように,()の語句を並べかえよう。]	問/4問]
(1)	私たちはそのネコをタマと呼びます。 (the cat / call / Tama / we / .)		
(2)	その音楽は私を幸せにします。 (happy / makes / me / the music / .)	
(3)	私にとって映画を見ることはおもしろい。		
	(movies / me / it / to / for / interesting / see / is / .)		
(4)	子どもたちが本を読むことは必要です。		
	(necessary / it / read / for / to / is / books / children / .)		
4	言語 []の指示にしたがって,次の英文を書きかえよう。	[問/2問]
(1)	Speaking three languages is easy for Raj. 〔it を主語にしたほぼ同じ意	意味の	の文に〕
(2)	Your mother calls you <u>Ken</u> . 〔下線部をたずねる文に〕		

USE Write の復習

「ハーメルンの笛吹き」の物語を読んで、要約文を完成しよう。

1

A long time ago, Hamelin was a beautiful town. One day a lot of rats came to the town. Soon the houses and streets were full of them.

2

Then a man came to the town. He wore clothes of many colors and had a long pipe in his hand. He was the Pied Piper of Hamelin. He said to the mayor, "I can catch all the rats in Hamelin with my pipe." "I will give you money for that," the mayor said to him.

3

The Pied Piper played some music. Hundreds of rats came out. They followed him. At last they came to the river. The Pied Piper jumped in. All the rats jumped in too. The water took the rats away.

4

The Pied Piper went to the mayor's office, but the mayor didn't give him money. So the Pied Piper played different music. All the children of Hamelin came out and followed the Pied Piper. He took them away and never came back.

〈注〉

Hamelin ハーメルン(町の名前) rat ネズミ pipe 笛 pied まだらの服を着た piper 笛吹き mayor 町長 money お金 take ~ away ~を遠くへ連れて行く

要約文

1

A long time ago, Hamelin was a beautiful town.

2

Then a man, the Pied Piper, came to the town.

3

The rats followed him into the river, and the water took the rats away.

4

The Pied Piper went to the mayor's office. The mayor broke the promise and didn't give him money.